THE EVENING STAR is served to subscribers in the city by carriers, on their own account, at 10 cents per week, or 44 cents per mouth. Copies at the counter, 2 cents each. By mail-postree prepaid-50 cents a month, one year, \$6; six months, \$3. [Entered at the Post Office at Washington, D. C., as second-class mail patter. THE WEEKLY STAR—published on Friday—\$2 a year, postage prepaid. Six months, \$1, 10 copies for \$15; 20 All mail subscriptions must be paid in advance; respersent longer than is paid for. Rates of advertising made known on application.

INDEX TO ADVERTISEMENTS IN THE STAR

AMUSEMENTS-8th page. ATTORNEYS-1st page. AUCTION SALES-6th and 8th pages. Books, &c .- 7th page. Bearding-4th page Business Chances-4th page. CITY ITEMS-8th page. COUNTRY REAL ESTATE-4th page. COUNTRY BOARD-4th page. DEATHS-8th page. DRY GOODS-34 page. EDUCATIONAL-4th page. FINANCIAL-7th page. FAMILY SUPPLIES-6th page. FAIRS, FESTIVALS, &c. -8th page. FOR RENT (Rooms)-4th page. FOR RENT (Houses)-4th page. FOR RENT (Miscellaneous)-4th page. FOR SALE (Miscellaneous)-4th page. FOR SALE (Houses)-4th pare. GENTLEMEN'S GOODS-6th page. Housefurnishings -3d page. Ladies' Goods-3d pare. LOST AND FOUND-4th page. Money to Loan-4th page. MEDICAL, &c .- 7th page. MARRIAGES-8th page. Pienies, Excursions, &c. -8th page. PERSONAL-4th parce. PROFESSIONAL-4th page. PIANOS AND ORGANS-6th page. PROPOSALS-5th proce. RAILBOADS-7th page. SUMMER RESORTS-5th page. SPECIAL NOTICES -1st page. SPECIALTIES-4th page. STEAMERS, &c-7th page. SAFE DEPOSIT-7th pure. SEWING MACHINES-5th page. THE TRADES-5th page. TURKISH BATHS-4th page. UNDERTAKERS, &c. -8th page.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

WANTED (Help) -4th page.

WANTED (Situations) 4th page.

WANTED (Miscellaneous)-4th page

WANTED (Houses)-4th page.

MEETING IN HONOR OF GARIBALDI. A MEETING IN HONOR OF GARIBALDI

MARINI'S HALL,

E street, between 9th and 10th streets northwest,
On WEDNESDAY, June 14, at 8 o'clock p.m.
The Hon. John A. Kasson will deliver a Eulogy in
English, and Dr. T. S. Verdi one in Italian. The Hon. James G. Blaine and Col. Robert G. In-DERSOLL have also been invited to address the meeting,

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE HIBER-NIA BUILDING ASSOCIATION will be held THIS EVENING at 8 o'clock, at the hall corner 8th and E streets. JOHN T. LYNCH, Secretary.

NOTICE. Returning thanks to the public for the patronage so sindly extended in the past to my late husband, Andrew J. Joyce, carriage manufacturer, I would inform his friends and the public that the business will here-after be carried on at the old establishment, Nos. 412, 414, 416 14th street, by me. My son, George W. Joyce, will be in attendance at the manufactory, and, as in the past, prompt attention and the best workmanship will be guaranteed to all. A continuance of patronage is respectfully solicited. jel4-lm FRANCES M. JOYCE.

THE SENI-ANNUAL CONVOCATION OF the G. R. A. CHAPTER OF THE DISTRICT Je13-2t Grand Secretary.

THE COLUMBIAN UNIVERSITY. The Annual Commencement of the Law School of the Columbian University will take place on TUESDAY EVENING, the 13th instant, at the National Theater. The address to the Graduating Class will be delivered by the Hon. WILLIAM A. MAURY, LL.D., Assistant Attorney General of the United States. The Annual Commencement of the COLUMBIAN COLLEGE will take place at Lincoln Hail on WEDNES-DAY EVENING, the 14th instant.

The public are invited.

Je12-3t

THE REAL ESTATE TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY OF D. C., (office 472 Loui iana avenue,) transacts with care, accuracy and dispatch all business relating to the investigation and transfer of tifies to real estate, and having become perpetual under the recent act of Congress, is prepared to issue policies of insurance affording a perpetual guarantee of title against all claimants. Chains of title to attorneys at reduced rates.

je10-7t

NOTICE OF REMOVAL. GEO. E. HUTCHINS having removed to 905 7th street, near I street northwest, will continue to conduct the PLUMBING, GAS and STEAM-FITTING BUSI-NESS in all its branches. Having had twenty

experience, I am prepared to do first-class work at rea-W. WAYLAND WILSON'S INSECTICIDE, the best powder for reaches, and refined Gum Camphor, for meths, at DREW'S Drug Store, corner 9th street and Pennsylvania avenue. my25-6m PARTIES BUILDING OR MAKING OTHER improvements are invited to examine our stock of RANGES, FURNACES, LATROBES, IRON TILE FIXTURES, &c. We keep a large assortment of first-class Goods, and are prepared to make low prices. JOBBING in PLUMBING, Range and Furnace work

EDWARD CAVERLY & CO., 1425 New York avenue. GLEN FLORA AND BETHESDA WATERS FRESH FROM THE SPRING.

W. C. MILBURN, PHARMACIST,

SAMUEL KER, DRY GOODS. 930 7th street northwest. New French and Scotch Ginghams, just opened; best

Silks, Satins, and Rhadames, extra good values. SAM'L S. SHEDD.
469 9TH STREET NORTHWEST. PLUMBING, FURNACES, RANGES, TINNING, MANTELS AND GAS FIXTURES.

Jobbing in all of the Above Branches. ESTIMATES FURNISHED FOR NEW WORK. 18 STEAM COOKERS. GAS STOVES AND RUBBER HOSE.

Call and examine at 531 15th street.

Fine Gas Fixtures, &c.

ATTORNEYS. W. T. FITZGERALD. 60. Corcoran Building.

Practices in all the Courts. N. H. MILLER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Rooms 2 and 4 Gunton Law Building. 472 Leuisisna avenue.

O NOT BUY UNTIL YOU HAVE EXAMINED DANFORTH'S.
the originator of the Vapor Stove, the latest Patents and Patterns. Cooking for the largest family done as readily and nicely as on a Range, without heating your house. No dirt; lighted in one minute, and giving house. No dirt; lighted in one minute, and giving more heat than any other Stove made. Call and see them in operation.
Also, a larse variety of REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, &c., at low rates, at W. S. JENKS & CO.,

12-1p-1m 717 7th street northwest.

HAYWARD & HUTCHINSON,

217 NINTH STREET NORTHWEST.

BRANCH CORNER EIGHTEENTH AND P STREETS.

DUPONT CIRCLE. PLUMBING, FURNACES. MANTELS, &c.

Jobbing in all these lines.

THE CONCORD HARNESS." GET THE BEST. LUTZ & BRO.,

Agent for the sale of "The Cencord Harness" of all linds and descriptions, COUPE, CARRIAGE and ROAD HARNESS a specialty. Have opened to-day another very large stock of the debrated Concord Harness and Collars, which we offer at very low prices. Every genuine Concord Harness is tamped with maker's name and trade mark. TRUNKS, SAICHELS, &c., in great variety at bot-LUTZ & BRO.,

497 PENNSTLVANIA AVENUE, Adjoining National Hotel. B. ROBINSON & CO.,

BOYS CLCTHIEG HOUSE

Knenna



Vol. 59-Nº 9,106.

WASHINGTON, D. C., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 14, 1882.

Washington News and Gossip. GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS TO-DAY. - Internal rev-

enue, \$376,841.85; customs, \$569.688.08. OF INTEREST TO OFFICE SEEKERS .- When the Pension bureau. There are now on file in the Interior department about 3,000 applications, and the number is being increased each day. Of this number it is said that but few will be appointed, as the object will be to secure those who are not thronic office seekers. There will be no female clerks appointed. The Secretary of the Interior | port.

THE CADETS of the Military Academy who have been declared deficient in their studies and discharged from the service of the United States are: Third class, Edward C. Dunbar; fourth class, Wm. C. Beer, Harry D. Humphrey, Robert B. Keith, Fraser S. Knight, Albert J. Myer, James B. Pol-

lock, Samuel P. Townsend and Charles E. Peele. THE TALLAPOOSA will leave the navy-yard here this afternoon for Chester, Pa., and will there take in tow one section of the recently constructed | and levee of the Memphis & New Orleans railroad dry dock intended for the navy-yard at Pensacola, Fig., and proceed with it to its destination. The other section of the dock will be towed to Pensacola by the Powhatan.

THE PRESIDENT'S SUMMER HOME.-Advices from Long Branch say that the work of furnituring and upholstering the cottage to be occupied by President Arthur at that place was begun vesterday (Mr. Hale) not now present, that it should not be considered in his absence. He would on Monday dent Arthur at that place was begun yesterday. The cottage is on Cedar avenue, opposite the lodge gate of Mr. Hoey's Hollywood Park. Mr. Hoey is the owner of the cottage, which is the newest, largest and handsomest summer villa in the "West End" district. The President, it is added, is exweted there on the 1st of July.

ARMY ORDERS .- Col. Henry M. Black, 23d infany, is relieved from duty as a member of the genal court-martial appointed to meet at David's Island, New York Harbor. Second Lieut. Charles G. Ayres, 10th cavalry, will be relieved from duty at Jefferson barracks, Missouri, and as a member of the general court-martial appointed to meet at that post, to take effect on the completion of any case which may be before it at the date of the receipt of this order. He will then join his troops in the department of Texas. Upon the recom-mendation of the academic board, Edward M. Lewis and Frank G. Kalk, of the 4th class, U. S. military academy, are, by direction of the Secretary of War, turned back to join the next succeeding 4th class. Capt. Jonathan Young, Commander d, Master G. A. Hanus Ensign Frank D. Beatty, ordered to examination for proand will be present if possible.

All who honor the memory of the great defender of liberty are requested to attend.

Dr. T. S. VERDI, President.

It motion. Lieut. Wm. H. Errett to the Tanapoosa on the 17th instant. Master W. P. Elliott to examination for promotion. Lieut. Geo. P. Colvocorresses from the hydrographic office 17th instant. resses from the hydrographic office 17th instant to be 3d lieut, revenue service of U. S.; and placed on waiting orders. Passed Assistant Cadet William E. W. Hall, to be 3d lieut, revenue service of U. S.; Cadet Jno. engineering and ordered to the Tallapoosa.

FINE FISHING.-A party consisting of Senators Vest, Hampton and Platt, and Col. Baxter, which went up to the Woodmont Club estate last week, had fine sport on Saturday. All the gentlemen named had good luck, but Senator Hampton was the champion of the party. His catch for the day amounted to forty-three fine black bass, one o which weighed five pounds. Fly fishermen will be glad to hear that these were all taken with the fly,-the gallant Senator declining to use any other

Personal. - General Sherman returned this morning from West Point, and was at his desk today .- Commissioner Loring is to deliver an ad-OF COLUMBIA will be held at Masonic Temple WED- | dress at the commencement exercises of the Busi-NESDAY, June 14, at 7:30 o'clock p.m. By order of ness College of Philadelphia, in that city to-mortibe M. F. G. H. P.

L. G. STFPHENS, row evening.—Ex-Secretary Blaine and Senator row evening. - Ex-Secretary Blaine and Senator Miller, of California, were registered in New York last evening. — Chief Signal Officer Hazen, accompanied by his wife, returned from West Point this morning. -- Admiral Powell's health has much improved, and his eye sight is better than it has been for months.—U. S. Marshal Henry has returned to the city from Ohio. -- General Crocker, warden of the U.S. jail, has been confined at his residence since Sunday with at attack of malarial fever, which he contracted at the jail.

Patent Legislation.

A LETTER FOR SENATORS. To the Editor of THE EVENING STAR: You were kind enough recently to allow me space to submit some objections to what is known as the "Granger bill" to amend the patent law. Permit me to pursue the subject a little further; The bill (H. R. 6,018) which recently passed the House and is now before the Senate, in what is mistakenly supposed by some to be the true interest of western farmers, provides for the use, by the purchasers, of inventions purchased in open market, without liability for infringement of pat-

The object of this bill is a good one, but the bill itself is not well calculated to relieve farmers from threats of suits and claims for damages for infringement by itinerant persons known as "patent sharks." The bill is also very objectionable because it aims a serious blow at the foundation of the patent system.

The great object of the patent system as founded ARANGES, FURNACES, LATROBES, IRON TILE in the constitution is "to promote the progress of BACK FIRE PLACES, PARLOR GRATES, GAS, science and the useful arts." The means by Walch this object is authorized to be accomplished is statement made by Mr. Atkins was a "by securing for limited times to authors and inventors the exclusive right to their respective man responsible if he makes that statement."

Wm. Birney, Wm. Dickson, L. M. Saunders, John H. Rice and J. P. Klingle. There is also a petition assumed and found to be true-1. That the making of inventions is encouraged; 2. That their introduction into general use is se-

cured through the incentive of temporary profit which patentees have to spread their inventions among the people. It is a matter of common observation that without some special inducement, like our patent system, to advance by changes in industrial products and practices, people are not likely to advance, or will only advance very slowly. Therefore, we temporarily make people pay inventors for new creations, if they want to use them, for the sake of securing the development and use of all possible new which the products of labor are increased and the appliances of comfortable living are multiplied and cheapened. Thus progress in the useful arts in an effective way for the whole people is se-

cured by the direct agency of the general government itself. The House bill seems to be radically inconsistent with this, and the main objections to it are briefly 1. The bill is probably unconstitutional and could not be enforced; because it so far destroys the remedy of patentees as to vitally impair their rights of property. This is the duly authorized attorney. opinion of the best lawyers who are familiar with ure would prove void and of no effect. Therefore some other remedy should be carefully sought for the annoyance complained of by farmers; and inventors are interested in having that difficulty 2. Even if the bill could be sustained as to patents to be granted after its passage (which is not probable), it certainly could not be as to subsisting patents; because they are property vested in the owners of existing remedies necessary for their protection or otherwise, except in certain cases

owners, and it is beyond the power of the legislature to divest vested rights, either by depriving different from such as would arise in suits between citizens for infringement. All patents granted since the middle of 1865 are now subsisting, and it will be 17 years before they will all expire. They number over 200,000. The House bill cannot possibly reach any of them, and so is at best a very tardy and ineffectual remedy. 3. The bill is a very inexpedient measure, because it invites foreign piracy and manufacture of

all patented inventions, which may afterwards be brought into the United States and sold before inventors could find it out, and so it discourages and cripples all American inventions and manufactures; and if it could be enforced, would thus do incalculably more mischief to American industrial interests than the harm now suffered by farmers

4. The bill is bad in principle and cannot but be unjust in effect if enforcible; because it proposes to take the property of inventors for the benefit of promiscuous users of all classes, who may purchase in open market, without the consent of the inventors, and without compensation to them. It offers a direct premium for all sorts of fraud less to try to prove to him that a bloodhound that against inventors and manufacturers under patents. Owing to the peculiar nature of patent property, it cannot be watched or placed under lock and key. It must depend upon the law alone for its protection. It may be taken freely anywhere in the land, and may be sold in open market by irresponsible and rascally parties long before the inventor or owner can find it out, and then this bill leaves no remedy. It therefore invites and assists what every farmer who happens to be an inventor would say is nothing but wholesale robbery. It is as if a law should be enacted for the whole United States that whoever should purchase a horse, cow, or other domestic animal, in open market, for his own use, should not be accountable to the owner, own use, should not be accountable to the owner, whether the animal had been borrowed or stolen before it was purchased or not. It is worse than such a law would be, because domestic animals can be personally protected without law, in a great measure, while property in inventions, which is

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS. Senate To-day. Mr. Cameron (Pa.) presented resolutions of the

Philadelphia Board of Trade favoring the establishment of an American steam marine in compe-Senate passes the legislative appropriation bill, tition with steamships of other nations for the which is now under consideration in the House, foreign trade; also, recommending an increase of gale, lawyer, of Loup City, Nebraska, was called there will be 817 new cierks to be appointed in the appropriation for the naval hydrographic office. Mr. Miller (N.Y.) presented a petition from citizens of New York city favoring the act to prevent the taking of menhaden and other fish with purse nets and by steam vessels within two miles from the coast. Mr. Sewell presented one of like im-

Mr. Cameron, (Pa.,) from the naval committee will take no steps in the matter until the bill is the appointment of naval constructors and assistant naval constructors. Placed on the calendar. Mr. Anthony, from same committee, reported ad versely the bill to establish the office of Assistant Secretary of the Navy. Indefinitely postponed. Mr, Miller, of New York, reported from the commerce committee an original bill to provide for the construction of the Illinois and Mississippi canal and to cheapen transportation. Placed on calen-

Bills were introduced: By Mr. Kellogg (by reand levee company. By Mr. Miller, of New York-For the erection of a bridge across the St. Lawrence

Mr. Pendleton gave notice that he had not sooner called up his resolution in regard to assessments on government employes for political purposes because of a request by the Senator from Maine next call it up for action, as he was informed that the Senator would return by that time. The Senate took up the calendar without delay, and upon the call of Mr. Maxey resumed consider ation of the Senate joint resolution to pay mail contractors in various southern states the amounts due them on their contracts for 1859, '60 and '61, and reappropriating \$375,000 for their payment. The vote upon proceeding with the bill was yeas 30, nays 24-a party vote-Mr. Davis (Ill.) voting "no" with the republicans.

Mr. Conger, in opposition to the bill, denied any liability of the Unite! States to make payment, as contracts with the government by turning over to its enemies property belonging to it. At the expiration of the morning hour, the Senate, by a vote of 26 to 21, took up the whisky bond

Nominations To-Day. The President sent the following nominations to the Senate to-day: Daniel H. Pinney, of Illinois, o be associate justice supreme court of Arizona. Treasury .- John N. Knapp to be collector internal revenue for 24th district of New York: Cadet George A. Starkweather to be third lieutenant revenue service of U. S.; Cadet John C. Cantwell . Moore, to be 3d lieut. revenue service of U.S.: Cadet Chas. D. Kennedy, to be 3d lieut. revenue service of the U.S.; Cadet Edwd F. Kimball to be

3d lieut, revenue service of U. S.; Cadet Augustus

Y. Lowe, to be 3d lieut. revenue service of U. S.:

Cadet Horace B. West. to be 3d lieut. revenue ser-

vice of U.S. State-John Fowler, of N. Y., to be consul at

House of Representatives. The morning hour having been dispensed with the House, at 11:20, went into committee of the whole (Mr. Robinson (Mass.) in the chair) on the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation

The last section of the bill, providing for th transfer of all the records in the office of the surgeon general, from which the evidence is furnished for the settlement of claims for pensions, to the office of the adjutant general, and making provision for the storage of such records in the new State, War and Navy departments building was discussed at some length: the opposition be ing based on the ground that the transfer would increase the danger of collusion in the settlement of claims, and would not expedite the work. A motion to strike out the section was, however,

MR. WHITE AND MR. KELLEY. Unanimous consent having been given a few days ago that Mr. White should have the privilege | read by Mr. Wilson. of going back for the purpose of amendment to the paragraphs relative to the internal revenue bureau, that gentleman moved to strike out the clause appropriating \$1,975,000 for the salaries and expenses of collectors and their deputies. In the course of his remarks he said: It was stated before a committee at the other end of the Capitol that the chairman of the committee on ways and

Capitol Notes.

variance writings and discoveries." By this means, it is Mr. Young: "Oh, I am here, all the time." The on file from the citizens of East Washington urging Treasury all receipts from the sale of the reports | moving in behalf of his appointment. in excess of \$2,500 per year, which was adopted. Pending a long discussion upon the last section of the bill, directing the Secretary of War to transfer all the pension-claim records in the surgeon general's office to the office of the adjutant general, the committee rose, and the House ad-

THE JAPANESE INDEMNITY BILL. The Senate yesterday passed the Japanese indemnity bill. It directs the President to pay to and diversified inventions and improvements by | Japan \$785,000.87 through the United States minister to Japan, and orders that all bonds now owned or controlled by the State department, and designated as "the Japanese indemnity fund," shall be destroyed. Section 2 directs the Secretary of the Treasury to pay from the Treasury \$140,000 as prize money to the officers and crews of the U. S. ship Wyoming and steamer Takiang, or their legal representatives, for services in the straits of Shimo noski in 1863 and 1864; no payment to be made to the assignee of any mariner, but to the mariner himself, his legal representatives or his or their

NAVAL CHANGES.-Lieutenant D. Delehanty will be detached from the naval academy, 20th instant,

Lowe, of New York, was decided upon yesterday | bly be unable to be present, but will send a letter by the President and his Cabinet to represent New York on the tariff commission in the place of Mr. Wm. A. Wheeler, who declined. It is learned by Mr. Phelps, of Missouri, but there is no diffi-culty in this instance. The President meets with considerable trouble, however, in finding a suit-able representative from New York who is willing to serve. Mr. Lowe's declination is a subject of the president meets with accompanied the magnetic storms of April 2005. to-day that Mr. Lowe has also declined to serve. to serve. Mr. Lowe's declination is a subject of regret to the President and his Cabinet, for it was hoped that the names of both those selected could be sent to the Senate immediately after the special Cabinet meeting to-day. The matter will now doubtles s be delayed for a day or two.

WHAT CONSTITUTES A DANGEROUS DOG .- In the Police Court yesterday Wm. Turner was charged with keeping a dangerous dog. Mrs. Bell Richie testified to the deg—a bloodhound—biting her child and several others. Counsel for the defence proposed to prove that the dog was not a danger-ous one. Judge Snell remarked that it was usebit any one was not dangerous, for he would hold that any bloodhound that bit a person was dangerous, for the courts have given this subject a great deal of consideration, and decided that bloodhounds and bull dogs were naturally dangerous. The defendant agreed to kill the dog and gerous. The defendant agreed to kill the dog, and the court continued the case until the death of the dog is reported.

MORE EXPLOITS OF THE COLORED FEMALE SNEAR THIEF.—Several more valuable silk dresses have been recovered by the police which were stolen by the notorious female colored sneak thief. Ella Jackson, alias May Wilson, now in custody. Some measure, while property in inventions, which is not less important and extensive, cannot be, but must be trusted to the power and justice of the detectives made her take off a false chignon, made must be trusted to the power and justice of the law alone.

5. There is a perfectly constitutional and effectual remedy for the annoyances suffered by farmers which the House bill seeks in so objectionable a manner to prevent. That remedy has been well crub-died in one form by the Senate patent committee (S. B. 123) earnestly and wisely laboring in interests of justice and public good, as well as expecially in the interest of farmers.

Very respectfully,

Marcus S. Hopkins.

Silk dresses which she had stolen. Last night the detectives made her take off a false chignon, made detectives made her take off a false chignon, made detectives made her take off a false chignon, made of black wool, curled hemp, &c., and in dissecting it found two valuable gold rings concealed in the center of it. They have probably been stolen. The governor-general and the Princess Louise ernor-general's yacht Nautilus at Queen's wharf. The governor-general and the Princess Louise were returning from a cruise in the harbor, and causing in rather quickly, struck against a schooner at the wharf, breaking down a fing-steff the bow, and causing it to fall over the mother and a sister of the thief, and last night went to Hell's Bottom and arrested the mother and a sister of the thief, and found a fine slik dress in the house. All are at police headquarters.

Saved by Her Husband's Ark.—An accident occurred near Quebec last night on board the governor-general and the Princess Louise occurred near Quebec last night on board the governor-general's yacht Nautilus at Queen's wharf. The governor-general and the Princess Louise occurred near Quebec last night on board the governor-general and the Princess Louise occurred near Quebec last night on board the governor-general's yacht Nautilus at Queen's wharf. The governor-general's yacht Nautilus at Queen's wharf. The silk dresses and other valuables at the her of the wharf, breaking down a fine slik dresses and other valuables, the north process Louise occurred near Quebec last night on board the gov

THE STAR ROUTE TRIAL. Testimony for the Government Continued To-day,

When the star route trial was resumed in the Criminal Court this morning, Thomas S. Nightinto the stand by Mr. Merrick.

THE ALTERED KEARNEY AND KENT PETITION. Mr. Nightingale identified the petition relating to the route from Kearney and Kent as being in his handwriting, excepting the words, "Schedule, 13 hours," he having copied the original petition as described by Mr. French, the sub-contractor, yesreported favorably the bill changing the law as to | terday. The witness having been asked if he identified the handwriting of the original petition with that of any person whose handwriting he was familiar with, by correspondence or otherwise, the defence objected. The settlement of the question involved some delay, and was finally rejected in that form. The witness said the handwriting in the petition was similar to the letter which was handed to him with the petition. The letter was addressed to Mr. French, and witness believed had been lost. He had seen quite a number of letters quest)—To aid in the construction of the railroad witness all handwriting addressed to Mr. French. Witness did not know in whose handwriting the words, "Schedule, 13 hours," in the petition were written. Witness circulated the petition. Witness sent the petition by mail, after it was signed, to John M. Peck, lock box 714, Washington,

D. C. It did not at that time contain the words "Schedule, 13 hours." Witness identified the letter written by his firm, Hale & Nightingale, to Peck, telling the latter how the service was performed, &c. THE WITNESS WAS CROSS-EXAMINED

by Mr. Hine, and questioned as to the growth of his section of the country and the demand for mail facilities. Mr. Hihe presented to the witness a batch of letters, which he identified as having been written by him for French. These letters were written to Vaile, Miner & Co., and referred to matters relating to the route, one of them suggesting that daily service should be put upon the route. One letter written by the witness, referring to the trip to Cedarville, said it involved a journey of 60 miles. The witness had previously testified states by disloyal contractors who violated their that the distance was about seventeen or eighteen

> A LETTER FROM PECK. After Mr. Hine had offered several business let-ters relating to the route—not of a very interesting or important character-Judge Wylle exclaimed: "What in the world is all this about?" and checked the course of the examination.

Mr. Brewer, of the contract office of the Post Office department, was recalled to the stand and identified a letter from Peck to the department, dated March 4th, 1878, requesting that communi-cations intended for him be sent to lock box 714, Washington, D. C.

LOCK BOXES 714 AND 706. Mr. S. W. Tullock, cashier of the city post office, testified that in March, 1878, and since that time only one that could have been practical?" lock box 714 was held in the name of J. H. Ketner. The witness testified that box 706 was for the first few months of 1879 recorded in the name of H. H. Brower, and afterwards until June, 1880, by M. C.

William B. Turpin, a clerk in the city post office, testided that Miner's private mail and that for the tirm of Miner, Peck & Dorsey was placed in box 714, and that box 706 contained the mail of Rerdell and S. W. Dorsey.

OTHER TESTIMONY. Mr. Tullock, being recalled, testified that the office for box 714. Jacob S. Taylor, of Springer, New Mexico, who

was a notary public in 1879, identified seven affidavits executed before him by Peck relating to Mr. John D. Sleeman, of the sixth auditor's office, recalled and produced all the warrants on file in the office relating to route 34,149. A recess

was taken at half-past twelve for half an hour. AFTER RECESS. When the court re-assembled Mr. Sleeman took the stand again, and was briefly examined regarding the warrants which he had submitted.

The substance of the warrants or drafts was then For District Commissioner. APPLICATIONS ON FILE AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

The term of Mr. Dent as District Commissioner will expire on the first of July, and the President will then neminate his successor. It is probable that before that time the President will be behelp the whisky men if they would help the tariff | delegations, but at present there seems to be a lull before the storm. Several months ago, when it was thought the President would nominate a new In the House yesterday afternoon, Mr. Young, of tion were made; but when it became known that Ohio, offered an amendment to the legislative, no nomination would be made until the expiration etc., appropriation bill appropriating \$50,000 for of Mr. Dent's term of office, the matter was preparing and printing a classified abridgment of | dropped for the time being. Petitions have been patents granted by the United States, and while | sent in occasionally, however, in favor of Mr. A. | not remember. advocating it made some statement which Mr. At- the secretary's office at the White House in behalf kins, of Tennessee, asserted to be incorrect. Mr. of the following gentlemen: A. M. Clapp, ex-Sen-Young retorted by declaring that a previous ator J. R. West, Major H. A. Hall, James O'Beirne, Milton M. Holland (colored), Alonzo W. Church, amendment was rejected. Mr. Springer offered the selection of some one residing in their section an amendment providing that the reporter of the of the city. In addition to the above list, it is un-United States Supreme Court shall cover into the | derstood that the friends of John T. Mitchell are

The Guiteau Habeas Corpus. A STAR reporter asked Mr. Charles H. Reed this morning if it was true that Judge Gray had heard and denied an application for a writ of habeas

corpus in the case of Guiteau, as stated in some "I answer, emphatically, no," said Mr. Reed. "No judge of the United States Supreme Court has

"What are you doing now?" asked the reporter. "That I must decline to state," said Mr. Reed. The reporter pressed a question as to whether he had talked about the case with any of the Supreme Justices with the view of applying for a writ of habeas corpus, but Mr. Reed declined to be questioned further on the subject. "You may say," he said, "that I have not asked Judge Bradley for a writ of habeas corpus." "You still have hope?" said the reporter. "I have hoped to save his neck," said Mr. Reed, because it ought to be saved under the law."

Among the Callers at the White House to-day and ordered to the Adams. Lieutenant G. Block- were Senators Vest, Cockrell, Platt, Beck, Willinger, from the Adams, on reporting of his relief, liams, Morgan, Lapham and Pugh, Representaremedied, because it prejudices the patent system. and placed on waiting orders. Lieutenant J. M. tives Pettigrew, Le Fevre, Neal, Dwight, Urner, Miller, from the Minnesota, and ordered to the Hartford. Master E. F. Qualtrough, from the naval observatory, 28th instant, and ordered to the Prof. Marini and Mr. F. P. Iannarone called for the purpose of inviting the President to attend the exercises in honor to the memory of Gen. Garibaldi THE TARIFF COMMISSION VACANCIES.-Mr. A. A. at Marini's hall to-night. The President will proba-

> Extraordinary Outburst of Sun Spots. From the N. Y. Sun to-day.

expressing his sympathy.

accompanied the magnetic storms of April, crept slowly around the eastern edge of the sun and ad-vanced with the revolution of the orb, until on Monday it was well situated for observation. Between Sunday and Monday a swarm of small spots broke out like an eruption upon the sun's face in the neighborhood of the large spot. Yesterday afternoon this swarm had developed into several large spots, partly surrounded by a broad penumbral shade, and close by, in a place where the day before there was only a shadowy speck upon the white disk, a great round spot had sud-denly formed, having a broad penumbra and a black central chasm thousands of miles across. All around the larger spots little specks were to be seen, showing how the whole surface of the sun in that neighborhood was agitated. The area covered by this outburst of spots is a triangular figure containing, in round numbers, a thousand million of square miles of the solar surface. The disturbed region is visible as a black dot without a telescope, when the eye is protected by a smoked or deeply colored glass.

STRIKE NOTES.—More men have gone to work at the Cleveland, Ohio, roiling mills, and two more departments have been started. Last night 75 Bohemian workmen in street care, under escort of a body of police, were attacked by a mob, and many of the laborers and several of the officers severely cut and bruised with stones. Six of the rioters were arrested... The strike at the Wabash Iron company's rolling mill. Terre Haute, Ind., has ended, the word "forever" being stricken from the contract, and the Pittsburg prices, when established, to govern.

THE PERU-CHILI INVESTIGATION. Testimony of Mr. W. H. Trescott To-

Mr. W. H. Trescott, late commissioner of the plenipotentiary and envoy extraordinary, and, in general terms.

THE OBJECT OF HIS MISSION Chili, Peru and Bolivia together, and, if possible, to induce them to make peace. Witness knew nothing whatever of the correspondence of Mr. Shipherd; never saw him but once, and none of his papers ever came into his (witness') hands. Just before witness left this city for South Ameretters and his (Blaine's) reply to it. [It was the letter in which he told Shipherd never to speak to nim again.] With this exception, witness

KNEW NOTHING OF THE SHIPHERD PAPERS or the missing papers. In reply to questions by corruptly influenced in connection with the Credit Industriel, or any other company. Witness never saw or heard anything to indicate that the late Minister Hurlbut was in any way corruptly influenced. He (witness) found that great dissatisfac tion existed in Chili with the official course of Mr. Hurlbut, but he never heard the least intimation that he was corruptly influenced in his action to-ward Chili, or that he had any personal interest in the Credit Industriel or other financial schemes. In fact, witness was satisfied that there had never been a time when the Credit Industriel was or could be made a practical factor in the settlement of the difficulties between Chili and Peru. Witness had an interview with the Chilian secretary of foreign affairs, and intimated to him that the Chflian people, by their strictures upon Mr. Hurbut's course—evidenced by the articles in their newspapers-were doing him an injustice, and the minister replied that the Chilian government had no charge whatever to make against Mr. Hurlbut.

CHAIRMAN WILLIAMS' ANNOUNCEMENT. Mr. Williams stated to the committee that he had been notified that the Secretary of State would to-day send to Congress a large mass of original correspondence bearing upon Mr. Tres- replies were simply repetitions to the effect that cott's mission, and utless some members of the he had committee desired to ask some questions he thought it would be better to adjourn for a few days to give them an opportunity to examine this correspondence.

MR. BEI.MONT'S QUESTIONS. say that the plan of the Credit Industriel was the | the make," but was not willing to give the names warrant the expectation that it might furnish the means to pay the war indemnity. lan of this company were the cession of Terapaca to Chill, and the establishment of some form of

government in Peru, with which to treat, were they not? Answer .- I do not know as to that; the Credit Industriel was purely a financial enterprise that wanted to administer on the nitrates and guano. Mr. Belmont then put a number of questions with a view to showing that the Credit Industriel record showed that two keys were issued by the | was the company which was meant, although it

in regard to the Credit Industriel and replied that he had written to Mr. Robert Randall in response to a letter from that gentleman, in which he called his (witness') attention to certain portions of Mr. Blaine's testimony and asked him for a statement of his (witness') recollection upon the matters involved. Mr. Trescott added: "I do not wish to be drawn into any controversy as to the accuracy of memory of either Mr. Blaine or Mr. Randall."

Mr. Belmont .- "I am simply trying to ascertain what, if any, were the relations of the State department to the Credit Industriel." Mr. Trescott.-I know nothing of what passed be Industriel. As I understood it, Mr. Randall was under the impression that certain relations had forced it upon the two governments of Chili and Peru, to the detriment of the success of his com-

PRIVILEGED COMMUNICATIONS. Mr. Trescott was asked if he did not draft the

compelling witness to disclose who wrote certain to answer any and all questions not conflicting with his obligations to the President and Secretary of State, but all official despatches signed by the Secretary of State were his (the Secretary's) despatches and he (witness) doubted the propriety of his being questioned in regard to their authorship. Mr. Belmont stated that he deemed it pertinent tions of June 15th, although it was not mentioned by name. The witness yesterday made light of it. and made the point that the Credit Industriel was not mentioned at all. He desired witness to state whether he (witness) had any other company in

THE CALDERON GOVERNMENT, Mr. Belmont asked several other questions in regard to witness' acquaintance with Mr. Elmore, Mr. Suarez and others, and in explanation stated that his object was to show what kind of a government that of Calderon was, when Mr. Elmore, the representative of it, was also the representative of the Credit Industriel, and also that it was so well understood that the Credit Industriel was the only company offering a practicable plan; that it was not thought necessary in the dispatches to mention it by name. The inquiry was not pursued further, however, as the hour of adjournment had arrived. Mr. Trescott was excused, with the understanding that he would be recalled in a few

\$150,000 LOST AT A GAME OF POKER.—At midnight Monday Dr. Montrevill M. Hedges, a dental surgeon and a sporting man, was arrested at Newburgh, N. Y., on a bench warrant issued by Joseph F. Barnard, justice of the supreme court at Pough- | 5:09%. keepsie. The complainant, Francis P. Weed, of Newburgh, charges Hedges and Wm. M. Scott, the latter now dying of consumption in California, with cheating at games and conspiracy to defraud. It is stated that the three played a game of poker in Newburgh in June of last year, each betting \$150,000 on a single hand, and Weed and Hedges lost. Weed now charges that the hands were put up by Hedges and Scott, they to divide the winnings. Weed had recently received from the estate of his deceased father a fortune estimated at about \$500,000. Of the amount lost it is stated that Weed paid the defendants during the year over \$100.000, having compromised for \$120,000, and that \$15,000 is yet due on an unpaid note. This and that \$15,000 is yet due on an unpaid note. This Weed now desires to avoid paying, and has begun attachment proceedings againt Hedges and Scott to recover as much as possible of what they have already received. A house in Newburgh, owned by Hedges, has been levied on by the sheriff of the county, and an effort is being made to secure valuable trotting horses owned by Hedges, which are now at the races in the west, while legal proceedings have also been begun against Mrs. Hedges and the doctor's son to secure any property there may be in their names. Some of the erty there may be in their names. Some of the parties are highly connected, and there are rumors of startling developments to come.

TICKET AND PLATFORM OF THE MAINE REPUB-LICANS—The republican state convention of Maine at Portland, yesterday, (after nominating Frederick Robie for governor, as stated in The STAR last evening), nominated Thomas B. Reed, Nelson Dingley, jr., Seth D. Milliken and Charles

The Whisky Bill Investigation. TESTIMONY BEFORE THE WINDOM COMMITTEE TO-DAY-WHAT MR. RUDD AND MR. BUELL DON'T KNOW-THE LATTER'S OPINIONS.

The Senate committee investigating the socalled whisky ring met again to-day. The first witness examined was Mr. John A. M. Rudd, a reporter of the Critic. Gen. Hawley read a clipping from the Critic, purporting to give the views would refer the committee to the managing editor for a reply, but subsequently testified that he did not write the article nor did he know anything

Mr. Buell not having arrived, the committee asked that the room be cleared, the chairman saying they desired to hold a conference. While the secret session was in progress Mr. Buell arrived. The doors were opened, and

MR. BUELL'S EXAMINATION

was resumed. He asked permission to read a written statement, which he had prepared, with reference to his testimony of last week. This being accorded, he read his statement, in which he complained of having been misreported and misrepresented in his recent testimony. He compared one or two extracts of the official report with some from the press report, and in the latter part of his written statement ex-

"ON THE MAKE."

He said those gentlemen had made use of his re-Cent testimony as a certificate of good character or them, and he put his opinion of them on record to cancel that "forged certificate."

hoff and asked him if he had ANYTHING TO SUPPORT HIS CHARGES.

The witness replied that he had said several times that he had no knowledge on which to base a sworn statement that those gengentlemen (Nelson and Nordhoff) had been corruptly influenced by the whisky ring; he had given only his opinion of them, and that opinion rent gossip.

NO KNOWLEDGE WHATEVER

of anything improper on the part of the gentlemen he had assailed. He had never heard anybody say Gen. Hawley said he had never heard anybody

express such an opinion, and he thought the witness ought to name some who had; but pressing the point accomplished nothing, as the witness did not mention any names. Mr. Harrison wanted to know if the witness held that the reputations of Nelson and Nordhoff as journalists were bad, but the witness would not go on record as making any such assertion, saying

MATTER OF OPINION, BUT NOT OF PROOF. Considerable time was consumed upon this feature of the inquiry, but the sum and substance of it all was that, the witness, had, an unfavorable here a few days to reassure public feeling. it all was that the witness had an unfavorable opinion of the two men he had named; but he had nothing in the nature of fact that he could bring against them. Witness admitted that he "had no

The chairman called the attention of the witness to the fact that in his recent testimony he had said that some Representatives in Congress, perhaps, and one Senator, perhaps, had been improperly influenced by the so-called whisky ring; that witness claimed to have derived this impression from conversations with certain persons, and had promised to consult those persons as to their willing-Witness replied that he had been unable to see

one of these gentlemen, who is absent from the tween Mr. Blaine and Mr. Randall. I knew Mr. city, and he will not be here until next week, and Randail as the agent or representative of the Credit | witness asked that his examination, therefore, be postponed until that gentleman returns. As to the others he had talked with two, but he found been established between the Credit Industriel and | that their recollections of the conversations were means had entered into some kind of bargain to sieged by a number of applicants and favoring Blaine had taken up the Landreau claim, and had One of these gentlemen had, since the last the State department, and he thought that Mr. | not such as to be of any value to the committee. meeting of the committee, informed witness that what he had communicated to witness was simply pany. As a point of fact, however, the question had never reached the point of practical consider- other with whom witness had talked. He, too, had only communicated to witness his suspicions. Neither of those gentlemen possessed any knowledge or information of any improper means being used in connection with the passage of the whisky bill. Both those gentlemen had protested against witness giving their names in his testimony or mixing them up in the matter. Witness preferred not to give his recollection of his conversation with the gentleman who is absent until he could again

confer with him. Witness knew of no Congressman or journalist

GEN. HAWLEY REMARKED that if the witness knew of anybody who had claimed to have knowledge of any improper mittee, and let them be subpænaed as witnesses. He preferred to have the testimony of the parties with whom the witness had talked, if these parties

Mr. Hawley thought that as the witness had no given anything in the nature of evidence against reference to these gentlemen ought to be stricken from the record. To this the committee seemed to

Mr. Hawley said further, that if anybody, journalist or not, knew of anything wrong in connection with the whisky bill, he hoped they would of the small bones of his foot. come forward with their evidence or forever after

witness and the committee adjourned until Friday. partment, on 8th street, to run the elevator and Sporting Notes.

The spring meeting of the Coney Island Jockey club began yesterday. The first race, five furlongs, was won by Bonnie Lizzie. Time—1:024.

The spring meeting of the Coney Island Jockey ganized by young men here is an association similar to the Carroll Institute of Washington, the Xavier Union of New York, and the Catholic Union of Boston. The Nichols building on High street The second, 1½ miles, by Itaska. Time—2:11½.

The third, 1½ miles, by Parole. Time—2:36¾. The fourth, 1 mile, by Runnymede. Time—1:43½. The fifth, 1 mile, by Volusia. Time—1:43½. The sixth, following is a list of officers of the Union: Presisteeplechase, short course, by Day Star. Time-

At Beacon Park yesterday the first race was won by the Philadelphia horse Douglas. Second race. Tariff won easily in three straight heats. Base Ball yesterday-At Baltimore-Peabodys. 2; Nationals, 5. At New Haven-Providence, 11: Yale, & At Cincinnati-Cincinnati, 4: Athletic, 3. At New York-Detroits, 8; Metropolitans, 3. At Schnectady, N.Y.—Troy, 3; Union College, 2. At Louisville—Eclipse, 2; Allegheny, 1. Only four innings were played on account of rain. At St. Louis—St. Louis, 12; Baltimore, 5. In the race of the Atlantic Club yachts in New York bay yesterday, the Atalanta made the sail-

The Cumberland Mine Strikers ING TO INTRODUCE MORE NEW LABOR. It is three months to-day since the coal miners

of the Cumberland, Md., region stopped work. The clergy of Frostburg and vicinity have sent a letter to the company authorities asking that the new miners be permitted to come out to church every Sunday. The business of the Eckhart Mines post Sunday. The business of the Eckhart Mines post office has increased eight hundred per cent since these troubles began. Six new policemen yesterday came up from Baltimore. Mr. Charles F. Mayer, president of the Consolidation Coal company, and party; Mr. Andrew Spier, president Blaenavon company, and Judge John Douglass, superintendent of George's Creek company, were at Camp Mayer yesterday. The George's Creek, New Central, American and Maryland coal companies, all situated at Lonaconing, are making preparations for new labor, it is said. The timber has been ordered for some of the buildings to be put up at these mines, and the mechanics are engaged for the work. It is said that when the imported labor arrives for these mines it will be mixed with about fifty per cent of the new miners who have had some experience at Eckhart mine. It is thought that the men for these mines will get to work at about the expiration of the thirty days' notice given the tenants by the different compawork at about the expiration of the thirty days' notice given the tenants by the different companies. Preparations are being made by the striking miners for a grand Fourth-of-July picnic near Eckhart. The miners generally and the officials of the different companies seem equally satisfied that their respective sides are going to win. It is understood that the miners will legally test the question of the proposed action of the coal companies in atenting them from houses owned by the latter.

MILLS CLOSED AGAIN.

A Growing Texas Town. GALVESTON, TEX., June 14.—A special to the News from Laredo, Texas, says: The receipts of the cus-tom house here have been increased 300 per cent since the advent of the railroad.

The Montreal Fires.

Telegrams to The Star.

THE CHIO MILLS STRIKERS

MONTREAL, June 14 .- At two o'clock this morning the fire in Clendenning's block was brought under control, the two upper stories of the building having collapsed. There were two other fires at one o'clock, one in the east and the other in the west end of the city. They are reported not to be

General Foreign News. FORTY-FOUR PERSONS DROWNED.

drowned by the recent flood caused by the sudden rising of the river at Versecz, Hungary, was 44. Gold Bars for Europe.

NEW YORK, June 14.—The steamers departing for Europe to-day take out \$1,420,000 gold bars.

A \$60,000 Fire. Boston, June 14.-A fire occurred at South Braintree this morning which destroyed the best build-ing in the town, containing the post office, grand army hall, market, drug store, clothing store, club room, dentist's office, etc. The loss is estimated at

A \$3,000 Burglary.

Syracuse, N.Y., June 14.—The hair goods store of Henry Loftic was entered by burglars this

The Cohoes Strikers Stick.

COHORS, N. Y., June 14 .- To-day the Harmony mills are again closed. Not one additional operative this morning joined the ten who returned to work Monday under the ten per cent reduction. A meeting of the company will be held Thursday, when, it is stated by an official, a formal notice will be posted declaring the mills closed until September 1st. The quiet determination of the operatives and the uniform decorum which has prevailed

meets with universal approval from the public. Opening Prices in Wall Street To-day. New York, June 14, 11 a.m.—The stock market opened generally firm and %a% per cent higher than at yesterday's close, the latter Colorado coal and Nashville Chattanooga. In the early trade, after a general decline of %a% per cent, the market became strong and advanced \al \al per cent, Louisville and Nashville, Missouri Pacific, Wabash preferred, Denver and Rio Grande, and New Jersey Central being prominent in the upward movement. At 11 o'clock there was a reaction of %a% per cent, the latter Delaware, Lackawanna and Western.

Two Men Lost from a Yacht. BAR HARBOR, ME., June 14 .- The yacht Harpalyce, of Bangor, arrived here this morning, reporting the loss of two men off Cat Island last aptain Ezra Turner, of Isle au Haut, and Wm. Lyon, of Bangor, a passenger took a small boat to find the position of a vessel and did not return. The boat was found an hour afterward bottom up. Search was made this

The Situation in Egypt.

VICTIMS OF THE ALEXANDRIA RIOTS. ALEXANDRIA, June 14. - Tire bodies of the engineer of the English ironclad Superb, and of the 2 seamen. of the Helicon, who were killed in the riot on Sunday night, have been buried at sea, as it was deemed imprudent to risk the danger that might have arisen from a funeral on shore. As the barge containing the bodies passed the U. S. steamer Galena, the marines fired a salute and all on board uncovered their heads.

London, June 14.—The correspondent of the Times at Cairo states that Sir Edward Malet, the English consul general, desires the British restdents to quit Egypt without an official request, SOLDIERS ASKING FOR THE DEPOSITION OF THE KHEDIVE.

graphs that the soldiers are openly asking for the deposition of the Khedive, and declaring that they will if necessary oppose Turkey herself. REFUGEES FROM EGYPT IN CYPRUS. NICOSIA, CYPRUS, June 14.—Many refugees from Egypt, mostly families of British residents of Alex-

The Times correspondent at Alexandria tele-

andria, have arrived here. THE RUSSIAN EMPRESS SUFFERING St. Petersburg, June 14.—An official bulletin states that the Empress, whose confinement occurred yesterday morning, is suffering from unusual exhaustion.

Conly's Body Found. CHESTERFIELD, N. H., June 14.—The body of Geo R. Conly was discovered in Spofferd lake this morning, quite a distance from the spot where Rietzel's body was found. It had evidently just

come to the surface. The remains will be sent to New York and received by the musical fraternity and Masonic brethren. End of a Libel Suit. WILKESBARRE, PA., June 14.—The libel suit of W. W. Scranton agt. A. A. Chase, editor of the Scranton Times, was closed last evening. The

jury this morning rendered a verdict in favor of Mr. Scranton, awarding him \$1,441.50 damages. The Cleveland, Ohio, Strikers,

THE MILLS FORTIFIED AGAINST ATTACK. CLEVELAND, O., June 14 .- One hundred more men went to work in the Cleveland rolling mills to-day than yesterday. The same Bohemians who were stoned last evening returned this morning, but were not molested. No new disturbance has occurred, and skilled workmen are arriving daily, some coming from England. President Chisholm says he has letters every day from old employes not in the union, who wish to go back, but are afraid. He says he can get plenty of skilled hands from other places, but he prefers to let the former employes resume their places if they will and renounce the union. He speaks more determinedly to-day than ever about operating the works un-trammeled by the dictation of the union. The mills are practically in a fortified condition. They are fenced in and garrisoned by a strong force of well-armed men, who are quartered there day and night, ready for service in case the strikers attack the works, as they have threatened to do. Mayor Herrick this forenooon conferred privately with the officer in command of the infantry and artillery companies. Hitherto the police have acted simply on the defensive, but last night's serious

adopt more vigorous measures to prevent vio-Affairs in West Washington. ACCIDENT .- Little Upton Mackall, youngest son of Dr. Louis Mackall, while getting in a carriage Saturday, leaving the doctor's farm, broke one

demonstration has determined the authorities to

Business Enterprise.-Mr. Noyes, the founder, has in process of construction at the old foundry on the canal, two large tanks for the use of the Mr. Buell said he would submit the name of a new money order building of the Post Office de-THE GEORGETOWN CATHOLIC UNION recently or the Union, and the ladies have taken in hand the good work of establishing a library for it. The following is a list of officers of the Union: President, Theo. F. S. King; vice-president, Jas. T. Clements; recording secretary, Wm. H. Manogue; treasurer, E. T. Gibbons; librarian, T. A. Boucher; assistant librarian, W. D. Horrigan; directors, J. C. Murray, G. W. Manogue, F. E. Craig, T. V. Offutt; entertainment committee, Jos. C. Murray, C. E. Offutt, F. V. Offutt, J. T. Clements, W. H. Manogue, J. D. McLaughlin, W. D. Bastable. The first complimentary entertainment of the Union, given at Curtis Hall last evening under the musical direction of Prof. John P. Lawrence, was a great success. There was a large attendance and the following program was rendered in a spirited style, and elicited frequent and enthusiastic applause: Introductory remarks by the president; soprano solo, Miss Mollie Byrne; recitation, Mr. Ralph Jefferson; tenor solo, Mr. Al. Fennel; alto solo, Miss Renehan; recitation, Mr. Frank Loughlin; plano solo, Prof. John Lawrence; soprano solo, Miss Renenan; recitation, Mr. Frank Lough-lin; plano solo, Prof. John Lawrence; soprano solo, Miss H. Richey; recitation, Mr. W. Lackey; baritone solo, Mr. H. A. Foresman; plano solo, Miss Renehan; comic recitation, Mr. Ralph Jeffer-son. The stage was decorated with flowers and plants. The solos of Misses Rannahan and Byrne were sung in splendid style. The union has now on its roll 75 members.

THE FOLLOWING is published at the request of parties concerned: "This is to certify that on the first day of May, 1882, I united in matrimony Matthew 8. Reily and Manonah Thomas, both of Washington city. I. W. Shoaff." THE STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL to-morrow evening at Grace Episcopal church, by the ladies of the church, will be a delightful entertainment. The choir will render good music.

THE GRAIN TRADE.—Arrived—Boat E. Lyons,
Whiting, with 8,500 bushels wheat. Sales—1,500
bushels wheat sold at 136 yesterday after 'change.
To-day, 8,500 bushels were sold at 138.

CONDITION OF THE WATER—Great Falls FOR CONDITION OF THE WATER.—Great Falls, very turbid; receiving reservoir, clear; distributing

reservoir, clear.

High Tide.—June 15—7:24 a.m.; 7:46 p.m.

PORT.—Schr. Haba, with 67 tons of coal; schr.

M. and T. Moore, with 99 tons coal; schr. Judy, with 85 tons of coal; schr. Eugenia, with 76 tons; schr. America, with 96 tons; schr. Fisher, with 96 tons; schr. Concord, with 221 tons of coal; all from Havre-de-Grace, for Mayfield & Hieston.

Stmr. E. C. Knight, Chichester, for New York, with assorted cargo. with assorted cargo. THE MALLEY-CRAMER MURDER TRIAL.-At New

Haven, in the Malley case, yesterday, the cross-examination of Miss Lulu Malley was concluded, and Mrs. Lizzie Wolfe, of Wilkesbarre, Pa.. sister of James Malley, testified in corroboration of Miss Lulu's statement relative to James being at home Friday evening, August 5. Miss Katie A. Malley testified, corroborating her sisters' evidence as to James being at home all night Friday, August 5.

SCO PENNSTLVANIA AVENUA.

United States to the South American republics of Chili, Peru and Bolivia, was examined by the House committee on foreign affairs to-day. Witness received his first commission from the President in November last, was confirmed by the Senate in December, and received a second commission of a "statesman" as to the corrupt passage of the through Mr. Frelinghuysen, who was then Secre- | bond extension bill, and asked the witness if it tary of State. He was appointed special minister | was his article. The witness, at first, said he

was to attempt to bring the belligerent states of ca, Mr. Blaine showed him one of Mr. Shipherd's

Mr. Williams, witness stated that he had no knowledge that any minister of the United States was

inquired:-"Do I understand you, Mr. Trescott, to expressed that the two men he named were "on Answer.-It was the only one that I heard of that seemed to have sufficient financial status to Question.—The first steps contemplated in the

was not mentioned in the instructions of the State department to Mr. Hurlbut, of June 15th. Mr. Trescott was asked if he had communicated with anyone since his return from South America

ation, and I so told Mr. Randall.

instructions of June 15th, and replied that he did Some discussion ensued as to the propriety of

Mr. Trescott replied that his opinion on the subect was formed after he reached Peru, that from what he had heard there he was satisfied that the Credit Industriel was the only agency that could accomplish the payment of the war indemnity, and it was the only agency that he ever heard of

A. Boutelle as congressional candidates. Thirteen hundred and seventeen delegates were present, and much enthusiasm was shown. The resoluand much enthusiasm was shown. The resolutions adopted assert the right of a free ballot and honest count as a fundamental principle of republican government; tender the thanks of the people of Maine to the republican majority in Congress for their firm set against the tissue ballot frauds which have heretofore made a solid south; deplore the untimely death of President Garfield and tender to President Arthur assurances of confidence in his administration, and an approval of the moderate and patriotic course purpproval of the moderate and patriotic course pur-

TWO CENTS.

about its origin or authorship.

pressed the opinion that Messrs. Nelson and Nord-

The chair said to witness that he had made some very serious imputations against Nelson and Nord-

was based upon suspicions, inferences and cur-The witness was pressed upon this point by Messrs. Hawley, Harrison and Windom, but his

they had bought those gentlemen or their opin-Mr. Belmont desired to put a few questions, and lons. He claimed to have heard the opinion often morning, but no traces of the missing men were of any persons who had expressed such an opinion for publication.

> BRITISH RESIDENTS REQUESTED TO LEAVE EGYPT. he preferred to stick to his text, which was that in his opinion they were "on the make."

ness to appear before the committee,

who had bought options in whisky or speculated to the inquiry to show that the Credit Industriel | means being used in connection with the bill, he was the company which was meant in the instruc- should give the names of those persons to the com-

> had asserted any knowledge of improper means being employed in connection with the whisky the gentlemen he had assailed-that as he had only expressed his opinion-all his statements in

hold their peace.

The winners at the St. Louis races yesterday were Lost Cause, Violator, Bootjack, Perplex, Pride and Owen Roe.

ing in 4 hours, 46 minutes, 55 seconds; the Civile in 4 hours, 53 minutes, 20 seconds, and the Crusader in 4 hours, 46 minutes, 40 seconds. THREE MONTHS OF IDLENESS-COMPANIES PREPAR-

LONDON, June 14.- The number of persons

\$60,000, on which there is a partial insurance. morning, and merchantable goods to the value of

\$3,000 were carried off.